

## Diaquabis(4-formylbenzoato- $\kappa O^1$ )bis-(nicotinamide- $\kappa N^1$ )nickel(II)

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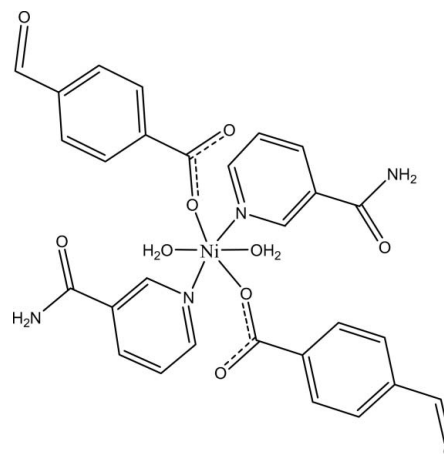
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.023;  $wR$  factor = 0.063; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.2.

In the title complex,  $[Ni(C_8H_5O_3)_2(C_6H_6N_2O)_2(H_2O)_2]$ , the  $Ni^{II}$  cation is located on an inversion center and is coordinated by two 4-formylbenzoate (FB) anions, two nicotinamide (NA) ligands and two water molecules. The four O atoms in the equatorial plane around the  $Ni^{II}$  cation form a slightly distorted square-planar arrangement, while the slightly distorted octahedral coordination is completed by the two N atoms of the NA ligands in the axial positions. The dihedral angle between the carboxylate group and the adjacent benzene ring is  $23.67(8)^\circ$ , while the pyridine and benzene rings are oriented at an angle of  $89.04(4)^\circ$ . The coordinating water molecule links with the carboxylate group *via* an  $O-H \cdots O$  hydrogen bond. In the crystal,  $N-H \cdots O$ ,  $O-H \cdots O$  and weak  $C-H \cdots O$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into a three-dimensional supramolecular network.  $\pi-\pi$  contacts between benzene rings [centroid-centroid distance =  $3.8414(7)$  Å] may further stabilize the structure. A weak  $C-H \cdots \pi$  interaction also occurs.

### Related literature

For background to niacin, see: Krishnamachari (1974). For information on the nicotinic acid derivative *N,N*-diethylnicotinamide, see: Bigoli *et al.* (1972). For related structures, see: Aydın *et al.* (2012); Hökelek *et al.* (1996, 2009*a,b*); Hökelek & Necefoğlu (1998, 2007); Necefoğlu *et al.* (2011*a,b*). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$[Ni(C_8H_5O_3)_2(C_6H_6N_2O)_2(H_2O)_2]$   $\gamma = 86.584(3)^\circ$   
 $M_r = 637.22$   $V = 695.01(4)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   $Z = 1$   
 $a = 7.7633(2)$  Å Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $b = 9.8173(3)$  Å  $\mu = 0.76$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $c = 9.8222(3)$  Å  $T = 100$  K  
 $\alpha = 78.260(3)^\circ$   $0.52 \times 0.32 \times 0.30$  mm  
 $\beta = 71.489(2)^\circ$

#### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer 12101 measured reflections  
 3492 independent reflections  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005) 3429 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $T_{min} = 0.693$ ,  $T_{max} = 0.805$   $R_{int} = 0.017$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$  H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $wR(F^2) = 0.063$   $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.40$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $S = 1.07$   $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.42$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 3492 reflections  
 216 parameters

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$Cg$  is the centroid of the pyridine ring.

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$N2-H21 \cdots O2^i$	0.866 (18)	2.078 (18)	2.8774 (13)	153.3 (16)
$N2-H22 \cdots O4^{ii}$	0.86 (2)	2.05 (2)	2.8936 (15)	166 (2)
$O5-H51 \cdots O4^{iii}$	0.81 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.8628 (12)	161.1 (19)
$O5-H52 \cdots O2^{iv}$	0.85 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.6634 (13)	163 (2)
$C6-H6 \cdots O2^{iii}$	0.93	2.38	3.3053 (15)	172
$C13-H13 \cdots O3^v$	0.93	2.48	3.3081 (18)	148
$C4-H4 \cdots Cg^{vi}$	0.93	2.74	3.6489 (14)	167

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y, z - 1$ ; (ii)  $-x - 1, -y, -z - 1$ ; (iii)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (v)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ ; (vi)  $-x, -y + 1, -z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999) and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU5564).

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## supplementary materials

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, m946–m947 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812026943]

**Diaquabis(4-formylbenzoato- $\kappa O^1$ )bis(nicotinamide- $\kappa N^1$ )nickel(II)****Mustafa Sertçelik, Nagihan Çaylak Delibaş, Hacı Necefoğlu and Tuncer Hökelek****Comment**

As a part of our ongoing investigations of transition metal complexes of nicotinamide (NA), one form of niacin (Krishnamachari, 1974), and/or the nicotinic acid derivative *N,N*-diethylnicotinamide (DNA), an important respiratory stimulant (Bigoli *et al.*, 1972), the title compound was synthesized and its crystal structure is reported herein.

The asymmetric unit of the title mononuclear Ni<sup>II</sup> complex, (Fig. 1), contains one-half molecule. It consists of two nicotinamide (NA), two 4-formylbenzoate (FB) ligands and two coordinated water molecules, all ligands coordinating in a monodentate manner. The crystal structures of similar complexes of Cu<sup>II</sup>, Co<sup>II</sup>, Ni<sup>II</sup>, Mn<sup>II</sup> and Zn<sup>II</sup> ions, [Cu(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (Hökelek *et al.*, 1996), [Cu(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>BrO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (Necefoğlu *et al.*, 2011*a*), [Co(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (Hökelek & Necefouglu, 1998), [Co(C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>O<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (Necefoğlu *et al.*, 2011*b*), [Co(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>IO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (Aydın *et al.*, 2012), [Ni(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>ClO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (Hökelek *et al.*, 2009*a*), [Mn(C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>4</sub>].2H<sub>2</sub>O (Hökelek & Necefoğlu, 2007) and [Zn(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>BrO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (Hökelek *et al.*, 2009*b*) have also been reported. In the copper(II) complex mentioned above the two benzoate ions coordinate to the Cu<sup>II</sup> atom as bidentate ligands, while in the other structures all the ligands coordinate in a monodentate manner.

In the title complex, the four symmetry related O atoms (O1, O1', O5 and O5') in the equatorial plane around the Ni<sup>II</sup> ion form a slightly distorted square-planar arrangement, while the slightly distorted octahedral coordination is completed by the two symmetry related N atoms of the NA ligands (N1 and N1') in the axial positions. The near equalities of the C1—O1 [1.2603 (13) Å] and C1—O2 [1.2594 (13) Å] bonds in the carboxylate group indicate delocalized bonding arrangement, rather than localized single and double bonds. The Ni—O bond lengths are 2.0650 (8) Å (for benzoate oxygens) and 2.0879 (8) Å (for water oxygens), and the Ni—N bond length is 2.0773 (9) Å, close to standard values (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The Ni atom is displaced out of the mean-plane of the carboxylate group (O1/C1/O2) by -0.5451 (1) Å. The dihedral angle between the planar carboxylate group and the adjacent benzene ring A (C2—C7) is 23.67 (8)°. The benzene A (C2—C7) and the pyridine B (N1/C9—C13) rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of A/B = 89.04 (4)°.

In the crystal, intermolecular N—H...O, O—H...O and weak C—H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into a three-dimensional supramolecular network, in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure. The  $\pi$ - $\pi$  contact between the benzene rings, Cg1—Cg1<sup>i</sup> [symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z, where Cg1 is the centroid of the ring A (C2-C7)] may further stabilize the structure, with centroid-centroid distance of 3.8414 (7) Å. A weak C-H... $\pi$  interaction is also found in the crystal structure.

**Experimental**

The title compound was prepared by the reaction of NiSO<sub>4</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (1.31 g, 5 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (25 ml) and NA (1.22 g, 10 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (50 ml) with sodium 4-formylbenzoate (1.72 g, 10 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (100 ml) at room temperature. The mixture was filtered and set aside to crystallize at ambient temperature for several days, giving blue single crystals.

## Refinement

Atoms H8 (for CH), H21 and H22 (for NH<sub>2</sub>) and H51 and H52 (for H<sub>2</sub>O) were located in a difference Fourier map and were refined freely. The C-bound H-atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H-atoms, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

## Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

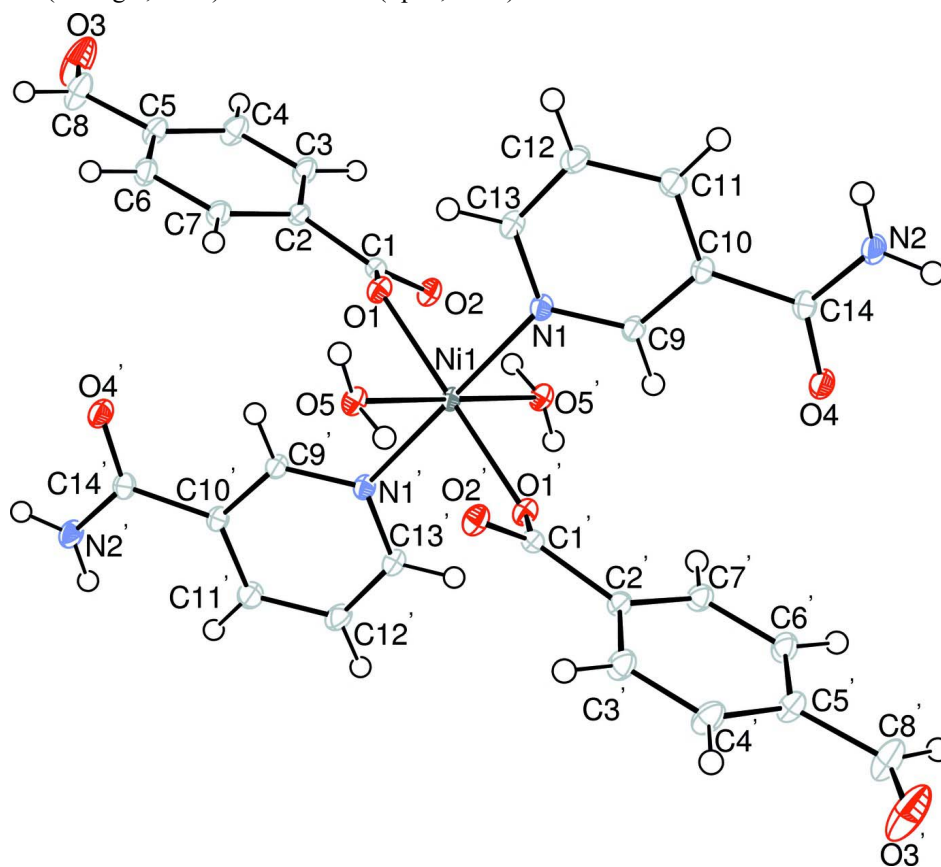


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title molecule with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level [symmetry code: (') -x, -y, -z].

Diaquabis(4-formylbenzoato- $\kappa O^1$ )bis(nicotinamide- $\kappa N^1$ )nickel(II)

## Crystal data

$[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_5\text{O}_3)_2(\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$

$M_r = 637.22$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 7.7633$  (2) Å

$b = 9.8173$  (3) Å

$c = 9.8222$  (3) Å

$\alpha = 78.260$  (3)°

$\beta = 71.489$  (2)°

$\gamma = 86.584$  (3)°

$V = 695.01$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 1$

$F(000) = 330$   
 $D_x = 1.522 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 9915 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.2\text{--}28.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.76 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 100 \text{ K}$   
 Block, blue  
 $0.52 \times 0.32 \times 0.30 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD area-detector  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.693$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.805$

12101 measured reflections  
 3492 independent reflections  
 3429 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$   
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$   
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 11$   
 $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.063$   
 $S = 1.07$   
 3492 reflections  
 216 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0285P)^2 + 0.3781P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.40 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.42 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Ni1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.01015 (6)
O1	0.12386 (11)	0.17618 (8)	0.01075 (9)	0.01391 (16)
O2	-0.11022 (11)	0.27566 (9)	0.15727 (9)	0.01583 (16)
O3	0.49635 (15)	0.66730 (13)	0.32149 (15)	0.0408 (3)
O4	-0.43537 (11)	0.00326 (9)	-0.33242 (9)	0.01767 (17)
O5	0.25997 (11)	-0.08088 (9)	-0.07688 (9)	0.01421 (16)
H51	0.342 (3)	-0.039 (2)	-0.144 (2)	0.032 (5)*
H52	0.234 (3)	-0.148 (2)	-0.110 (2)	0.040 (5)*
N1	-0.00291 (12)	0.09073 (10)	-0.20966 (10)	0.01250 (17)
N2	-0.32830 (15)	0.13256 (11)	-0.55956 (11)	0.0177 (2)
H21	-0.244 (2)	0.1839 (19)	-0.627 (2)	0.028 (4)*

H22	-0.413 (3)	0.1004 (19)	-0.584 (2)	0.030 (4)*
C1	0.05648 (14)	0.26130 (11)	0.09359 (12)	0.01225 (19)
C2	0.18641 (14)	0.34931 (11)	0.12534 (12)	0.0124 (2)
C3	0.12507 (15)	0.47036 (12)	0.18010 (13)	0.0170 (2)
H3	0.0075	0.5014	0.1876	0.020*
C4	0.23857 (16)	0.54394 (13)	0.22305 (14)	0.0194 (2)
H4	0.1981	0.6249	0.2586	0.023*
C5	0.41423 (15)	0.49603 (12)	0.21275 (13)	0.0170 (2)
C6	0.47692 (15)	0.37788 (12)	0.15551 (13)	0.0169 (2)
H6	0.5950	0.3476	0.1470	0.020*
C7	0.36357 (15)	0.30452 (12)	0.11081 (13)	0.0148 (2)
H7	0.4061	0.2259	0.0714	0.018*
C8	0.53770 (17)	0.56908 (15)	0.26220 (16)	0.0258 (3)
H8	0.662 (2)	0.5300 (18)	0.2443 (19)	0.028 (4)*
C9	-0.14477 (14)	0.06781 (11)	-0.25219 (12)	0.0125 (2)
H9	-0.2401	0.0127	-0.1855	0.015*
C10	-0.15619 (15)	0.12233 (11)	-0.39102 (12)	0.0127 (2)
C11	-0.01445 (16)	0.20605 (13)	-0.48952 (12)	0.0171 (2)
H11	-0.0177	0.2445	-0.5834	0.020*
C12	0.13220 (16)	0.23147 (13)	-0.44594 (13)	0.0182 (2)
H12	0.2282	0.2877	-0.5099	0.022*
C13	0.13333 (15)	0.17183 (12)	-0.30580 (12)	0.0149 (2)
H13	0.2321	0.1885	-0.2771	0.018*
C14	-0.31879 (15)	0.08302 (12)	-0.42590 (12)	0.0136 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Ni1	0.00887 (9)	0.01238 (10)	0.01030 (10)	-0.00088 (7)	-0.00393 (7)	-0.00292 (7)
O1	0.0129 (4)	0.0155 (4)	0.0142 (4)	-0.0020 (3)	-0.0041 (3)	-0.0043 (3)
O2	0.0111 (4)	0.0180 (4)	0.0189 (4)	-0.0010 (3)	-0.0039 (3)	-0.0057 (3)
O3	0.0243 (5)	0.0447 (7)	0.0648 (8)	-0.0018 (5)	-0.0123 (5)	-0.0383 (6)
O4	0.0159 (4)	0.0236 (4)	0.0141 (4)	-0.0064 (3)	-0.0060 (3)	-0.0012 (3)
O5	0.0107 (4)	0.0167 (4)	0.0154 (4)	-0.0011 (3)	-0.0032 (3)	-0.0045 (3)
N1	0.0119 (4)	0.0141 (4)	0.0127 (4)	-0.0009 (3)	-0.0049 (3)	-0.0032 (3)
N2	0.0178 (5)	0.0232 (5)	0.0136 (5)	-0.0063 (4)	-0.0076 (4)	-0.0010 (4)
C1	0.0130 (5)	0.0121 (5)	0.0119 (5)	-0.0017 (4)	-0.0056 (4)	0.0004 (4)
C2	0.0120 (5)	0.0128 (5)	0.0124 (5)	-0.0022 (4)	-0.0041 (4)	-0.0014 (4)
C3	0.0116 (5)	0.0160 (5)	0.0239 (6)	0.0006 (4)	-0.0052 (4)	-0.0061 (4)
C4	0.0151 (5)	0.0165 (5)	0.0281 (6)	0.0000 (4)	-0.0049 (5)	-0.0108 (5)
C5	0.0140 (5)	0.0174 (5)	0.0210 (5)	-0.0028 (4)	-0.0053 (4)	-0.0064 (4)
C6	0.0120 (5)	0.0169 (5)	0.0232 (6)	0.0007 (4)	-0.0069 (4)	-0.0050 (4)
C7	0.0133 (5)	0.0131 (5)	0.0188 (5)	0.0005 (4)	-0.0052 (4)	-0.0048 (4)
C8	0.0164 (6)	0.0290 (7)	0.0370 (7)	-0.0027 (5)	-0.0087 (5)	-0.0161 (6)
C9	0.0114 (5)	0.0139 (5)	0.0127 (5)	-0.0016 (4)	-0.0039 (4)	-0.0027 (4)
C10	0.0127 (5)	0.0139 (5)	0.0130 (5)	-0.0006 (4)	-0.0051 (4)	-0.0041 (4)
C11	0.0176 (5)	0.0212 (6)	0.0119 (5)	-0.0040 (4)	-0.0051 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C12	0.0147 (5)	0.0214 (6)	0.0164 (5)	-0.0064 (4)	-0.0031 (4)	-0.0001 (4)
C13	0.0119 (5)	0.0168 (5)	0.0167 (5)	-0.0022 (4)	-0.0046 (4)	-0.0037 (4)
C14	0.0137 (5)	0.0157 (5)	0.0134 (5)	0.0001 (4)	-0.0056 (4)	-0.0047 (4)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Ni1—O1	2.0650 (8)	C3—C4	1.3827 (16)
Ni1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	2.0650 (8)	C3—H3	0.9300
Ni1—O5	2.0879 (8)	C4—H4	0.9300
Ni1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	2.0879 (8)	C5—C4	1.3952 (16)
Ni1—N1	2.0773 (9)	C5—C8	1.4793 (16)
Ni1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	2.0773 (9)	C6—C5	1.3865 (16)
O1—C1	1.2603 (13)	C6—C7	1.3912 (15)
O2—C1	1.2594 (13)	C6—H6	0.9300
O3—C8	1.2021 (17)	C7—H7	0.9300
O4—C14	1.2408 (14)	C8—H8	0.993 (18)
O5—H51	0.82 (2)	C9—C10	1.3885 (15)
O5—H52	0.85 (2)	C9—H9	0.9300
N1—C9	1.3409 (13)	C10—C11	1.3894 (15)
N1—C13	1.3433 (14)	C10—C14	1.4987 (15)
N2—C14	1.3278 (15)	C11—C12	1.3887 (16)
N2—H21	0.866 (18)	C11—H11	0.9300
N2—H22	0.865 (19)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C1	1.5081 (14)	C13—C12	1.3845 (16)
C2—C3	1.3995 (15)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C7	1.3907 (15)		
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—O1	180.00 (4)	C3—C4—C5	119.58 (11)
O1—Ni1—O5	87.28 (3)	C3—C4—H4	120.2
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—O5	92.72 (3)	C5—C4—H4	120.2
O1—Ni1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	92.72 (3)	C4—C5—C8	121.24 (11)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	87.28 (3)	C6—C5—C4	120.33 (10)
O1—Ni1—N1	89.80 (3)	C6—C5—C8	118.43 (11)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—N1	90.20 (3)	C5—C6—C7	120.16 (10)
O1—Ni1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	90.20 (3)	C5—C6—H6	119.9
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	89.80 (3)	C7—C6—H6	119.9
O5—Ni1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	180.00 (5)	C2—C7—C6	119.70 (10)
N1—Ni1—O5	92.75 (3)	C2—C7—H7	120.2
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—O5	87.25 (3)	C6—C7—H7	120.2
N1—Ni1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	87.25 (3)	O3—C8—C5	124.85 (12)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	92.75 (3)	O3—C8—H8	120.3 (10)
N1—Ni1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	C5—C8—H8	114.8 (10)
C1—O1—Ni1	126.76 (7)	N1—C9—C10	123.16 (10)
Ni1—O5—H51	123.5 (13)	N1—C9—H9	118.4
Ni1—O5—H52	99.2 (13)	C10—C9—H9	118.4
H51—O5—H52	105.1 (18)	C9—C10—C11	118.14 (10)
C9—N1—Ni1	119.42 (7)	C9—C10—C14	117.48 (10)
C9—N1—C13	118.17 (10)	C11—C10—C14	124.36 (10)
C13—N1—Ni1	122.41 (7)	C10—C11—H11	120.5
C14—N2—H21	123.2 (12)	C12—C11—C10	119.09 (10)
C14—N2—H22	117.9 (12)	C12—C11—H11	120.5
H21—N2—H22	118.1 (16)	C11—C12—H12	120.5
O1—C1—C2	117.45 (9)	C13—C12—C11	118.97 (10)
O2—C1—O1	125.71 (10)	C13—C12—H12	120.5

O2—C1—C2	116.78 (10)	N1—C13—C12	122.46 (10)
C3—C2—C1	120.03 (10)	N1—C13—H13	118.8
C7—C2—C1	119.88 (10)	C12—C13—H13	118.8
C7—C2—C3	119.91 (10)	O4—C14—N2	122.55 (10)
C2—C3—H3	119.9	O4—C14—C10	119.75 (10)
C4—C3—C2	120.27 (10)	N2—C14—C10	117.66 (10)
C4—C3—H3	119.9		
O1—Ni1—N1—C9	-143.54 (8)	C1—C2—C3—C4	173.58 (11)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—N1—C9	36.46 (8)	C7—C2—C3—C4	-1.50 (18)
O1—Ni1—N1—C13	36.78 (9)	C1—C2—C7—C6	-172.92 (10)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—N1—C13	-143.22 (9)	C3—C2—C7—C6	2.17 (17)
O5—Ni1—O1—C1	-154.22 (9)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.60 (19)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—O1—C1	25.78 (9)	C6—C5—C4—C3	2.05 (19)
O5—Ni1—N1—C9	129.19 (8)	C8—C5—C4—C3	-177.91 (12)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—N1—C9	-50.81 (8)	C4—C5—C8—O3	4.6 (2)
O5—Ni1—N1—C13	-50.49 (9)	C6—C5—C8—O3	-175.38 (15)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—N1—C13	129.51 (9)	C7—C6—C5—C4	-1.38 (19)
N1—Ni1—O1—C1	113.02 (9)	C7—C6—C5—C8	178.58 (12)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Ni1—O1—C1	-66.98 (9)	C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.73 (18)
Ni1—O1—C1—O2	-19.24 (16)	N1—C9—C10—C11	-0.85 (17)
Ni1—O1—C1—C2	157.72 (7)	N1—C9—C10—C14	177.32 (10)
Ni1—N1—C9—C10	-178.84 (8)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.18 (17)
C13—N1—C9—C10	0.85 (16)	C14—C10—C11—C12	-177.85 (11)
Ni1—N1—C13—C12	179.48 (9)	C9—C10—C14—O4	-0.81 (16)
C9—N1—C13—C12	-0.20 (17)	C9—C10—C14—N2	-178.60 (10)
C3—C2—C1—O1	161.91 (10)	C11—C10—C14—O4	177.24 (11)
C3—C2—C1—O2	-20.86 (15)	C11—C10—C14—N2	-0.56 (17)
C7—C2—C1—O1	-23.01 (15)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.42 (18)
C7—C2—C1—O2	154.22 (11)	N1—C13—C12—C11	-0.43 (18)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y, -z$ .

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

Cg is the centroid of the pyridine ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H21 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.866 (18)	2.078 (18)	2.8774 (13)	153.3 (16)
N2—H22 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.86 (2)	2.05 (2)	2.8936 (15)	166 (2)
O5—H51 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.81 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.8628 (12)	161.1 (19)
O5—H52 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.85 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.6634 (13)	163 (2)
C6—H6 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.38	3.3053 (15)	172
C13—H13 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.48	3.3081 (18)	148
C4—H4 $\cdots$ Cg <sup>vi</sup>	0.93	2.74	3.6489 (14)	167

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z-1$ ; (iii)  $-x-1, -y, -z-1$ ; (iv)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (v)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ ; (vi)  $-x, -y+1, -z$ .